

A Brief Overview of European Activities

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Background

- Escalating delays in Europe during the late 80's
 - Establishment of the Central Flow Management Unit (CFMU)
 - Centralised Flight Plan processing (IFPS)
- Multitude of disparate National systems and lack of interoperability
 - ECAC Strategies of the 90's (separate En-route & Airport strategies)
 - Creation of the European ATC Harmonisation & Integration Programme (EATCHIP)
 - Phase 1: Inventory of existing situation
 - Phase 2: Preparation of a work programme
 - Phase 3 (bottom-up approach): Harmonisation of European ATM systems to achieve common levels of performance. Target date: 1998
 - Phase 4 (top-down approach): Integration of European ATM systems in the period 2000 - 2015 and beyond (ATM 2000+)

The European Context

- Planning the Future in a Changing Context
 - Continued traffic growth -- a doubling by 2015 -- with present operational concept and levels of integration/interoperability unable to accommodate such traffic levels
 - Deregulation, increased competition and cost consciousness of Airlines
 - Privatisation of ATM Service Providers
 - Separation of regulatory and service provider functions
 - Institutional changes: Revised EUROCONTROL Convention
 - International Context: ICAO CNS/ATM, FAA initiatives
- A Structured, Performance Driven Approach towards Change
 - Need for integration: scope now gate-to-gate instead of just en-route
 - Top-down: evolutionary change focused towards a challenging but realistic target (2015)
 - Concept and Strategy driven
 - Proposed changes underpinned by a rationale and cost-benefit analysis
 - Strong involvement of the Aviation Community to reach broad consensus



The ATM 2000+ Strategy

- Replacement for the ECAC Strategies of the 90's
 - Scope 2000 - 2015 and beyond
- A political vehicle for implementing the Target Concept in Europe
 - Currently being developed by a high level ATM 2000+ Strategy Board
 - Approval by the ECAC Transport Ministers sought in 1999
- Incorporates inputs from the aviation community
 - ATM 2000+ Workshop in Luxembourg, 2-6 February 1998
 - 200+ delegates - active participation in 6 working groups, one of them being...
 - Integration & Information subgroup
 - Participants discuss notion of the concept of “SystemWide Information Management” (SWIM)
 - Identification of the need for short term actions and a long term strategy in Europe

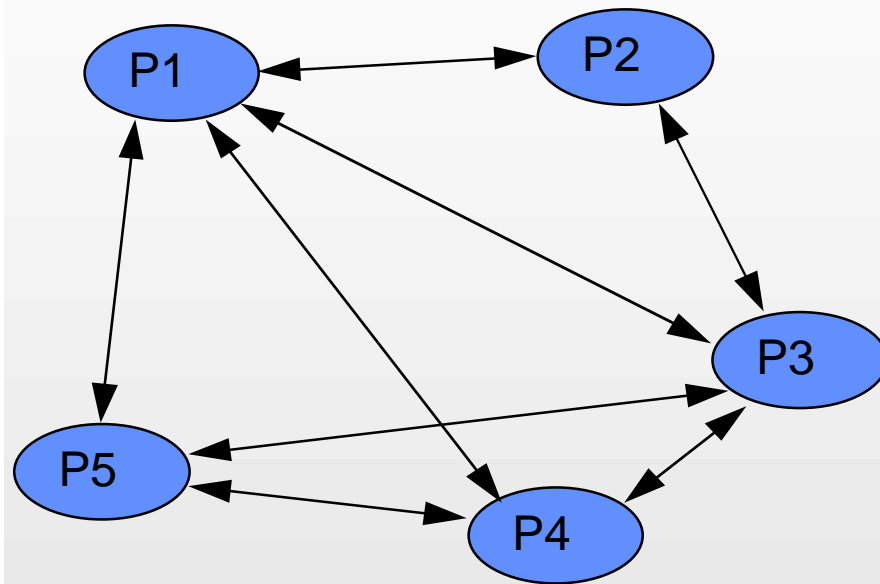


Structured, Performance Driven Approach

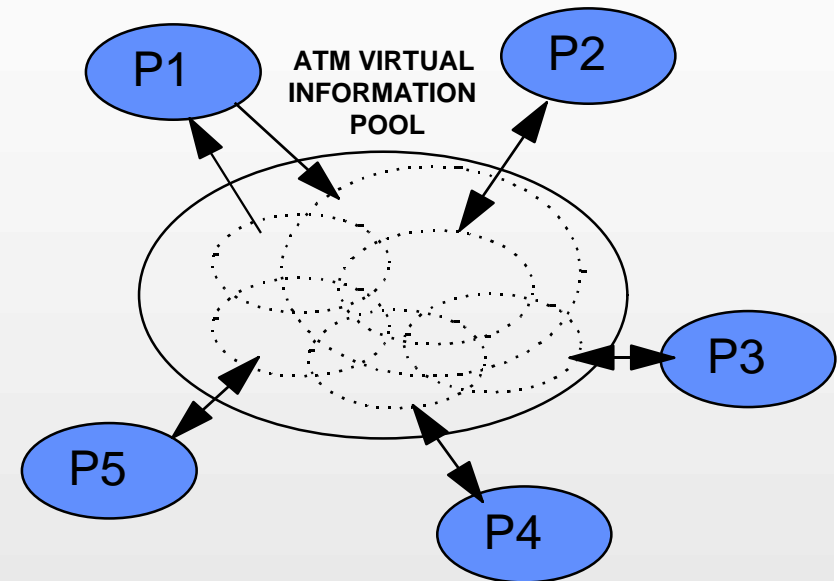
- Level 1: Overall Mission of the future ATM system
- Level 2: Objectives (high level objectives and detailed objectives)
- Level 3: Safety and Performance Targets (qualitative & quantitative)
- Level 4: A 2015 Target Concept, consisting of Concept Elements
- Level 5: A 2000 - 2015 Road Map of Operational Improvements
- Level 6: Operational Requirements, Integration and Information Sharing
- Level 7: Technical, Procedural and Human Resource Enablers

Traceability between levels
=
Rationale and justification for change

Traditional & Advanced Forms of Integration



**Information exchange
model**



**Virtual information pool
model**

Examples of Early Contributions/Opportunities for Improving the European Information Architecture

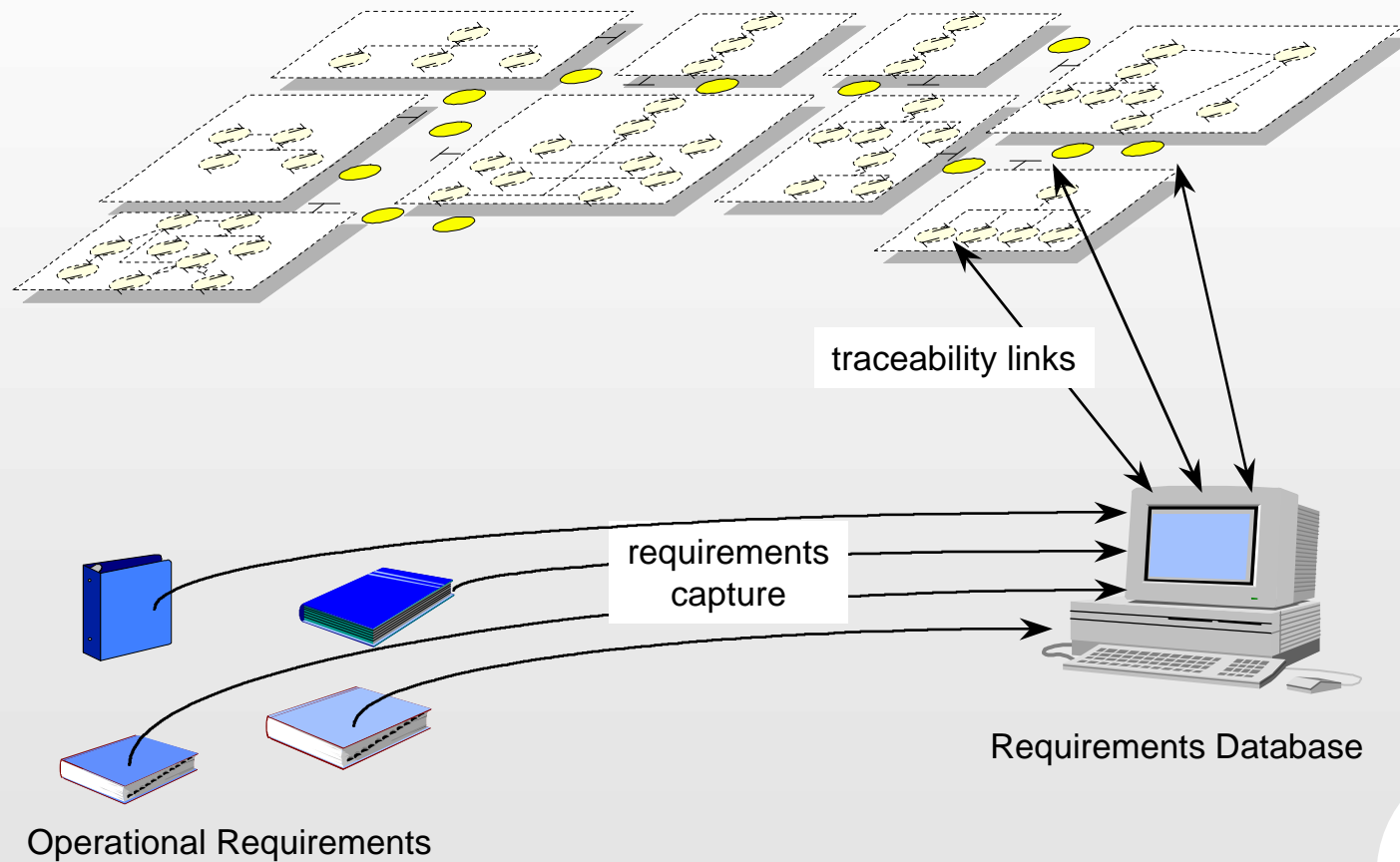
- Systems
 - CRCO (Central Route Charges Office)
 - IFPS (initial Integrated Flight Plan Processing System)
 - CFMU (Central Flow Management Office)
 - ASD (Air Situation Display)
 - CODA (Central Office of Delay Analysis)
 - ARTAS (Advanced suRveillance Tracker and Server)
 - EAD (European AIS Database)
 - eFDPS (European Flight Data Processing System)
 - ACCS (Air Command and Control System)
- Standards
 - ASTERIX (All-purpose Structured EUROCONTROL Radar Information Exchange)
 - ADEXP (ATS Data Exchange Protocol Format)
 - OLDI (On-Line Data Interchange)

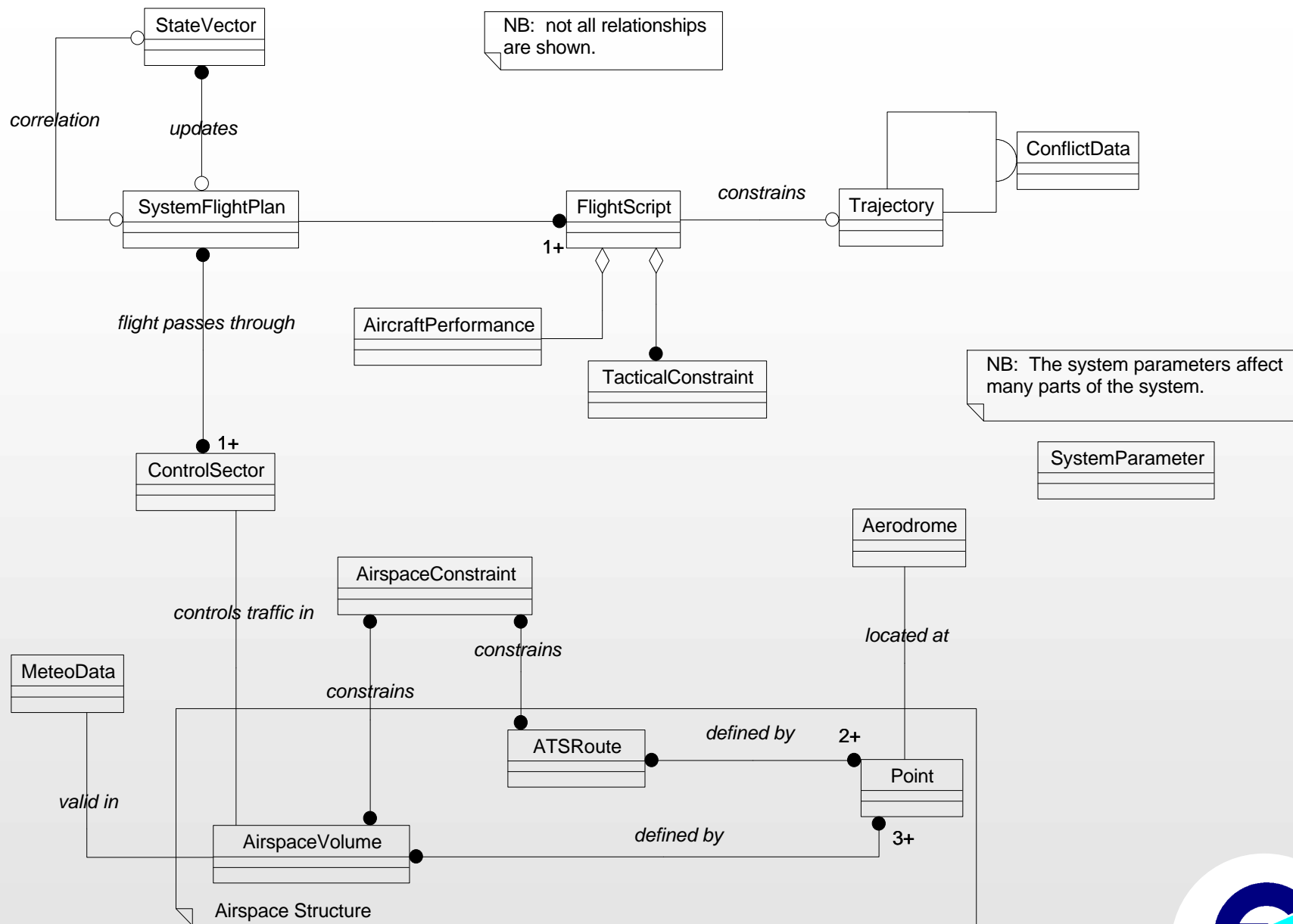


Summary of Current Status

- We know that vast amounts of information will be circulating in the future ATM system
- The realisation of Europe's future ATM concept is dependent on improved information sharing:
[Access to information where & when you need it will be vital](#)
- The high level principles of SystemWide Information Management (SWIM) will be addressed in upcoming editions of the ATM 2000+ Strategy and the EATMS Operational Concept Document
- Detailed SWIM concepts & strategy will need to be worked out in the near future
- Meanwhile, a number of common development & implementation projects are starting to streamline the European information architecture
- The EUROCONTROL Agency is undertaking Information Architecture studies

Identifying ATM Information Objects





Multi-Viewpoint Architecture Modelling

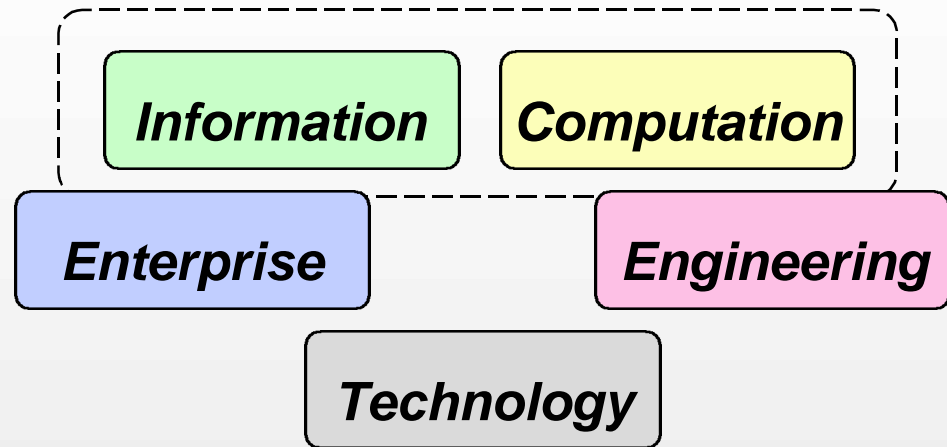
Eurocontrol: ISO RM-ODP

(Reference Model for Open Distributed Processing)

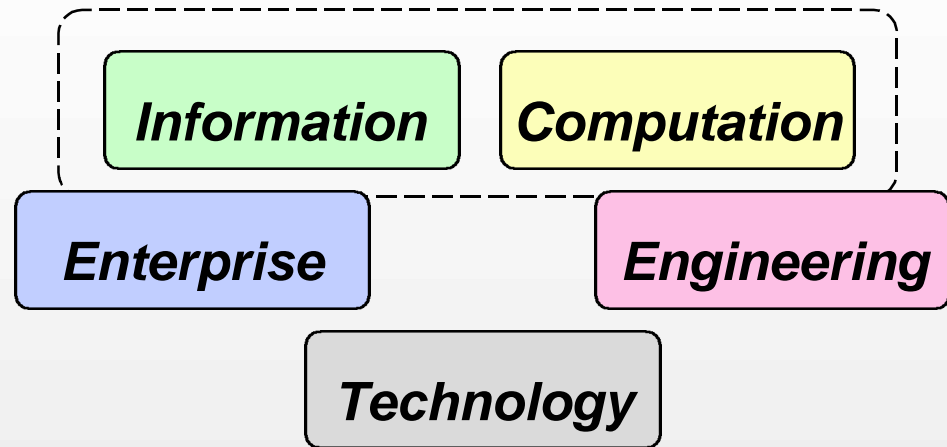
<http://www.iso.ch:8000/RM-ODP/>



Multi-Viewpoint Architecture Modelling

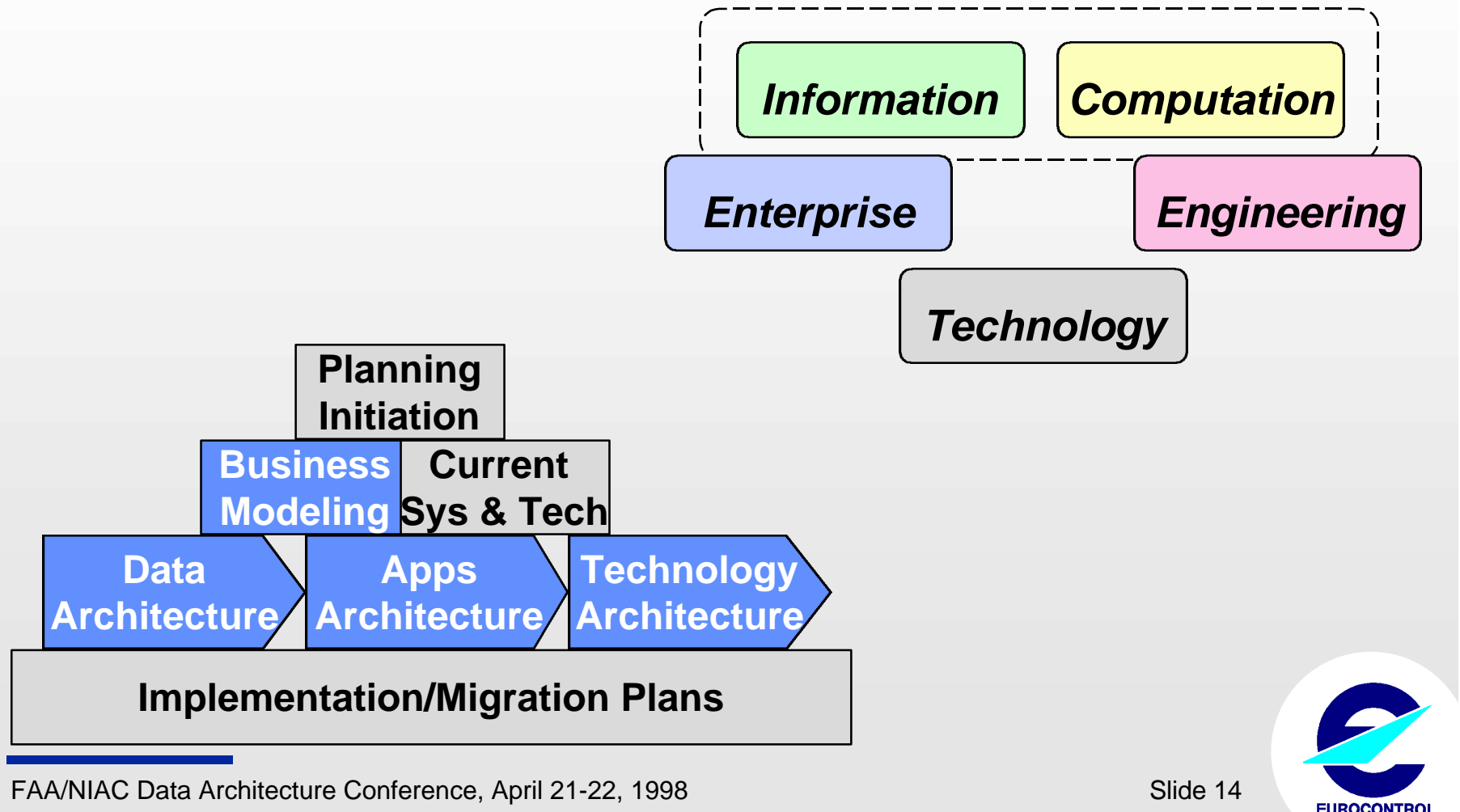


Multi-Viewpoint Architecture Modelling



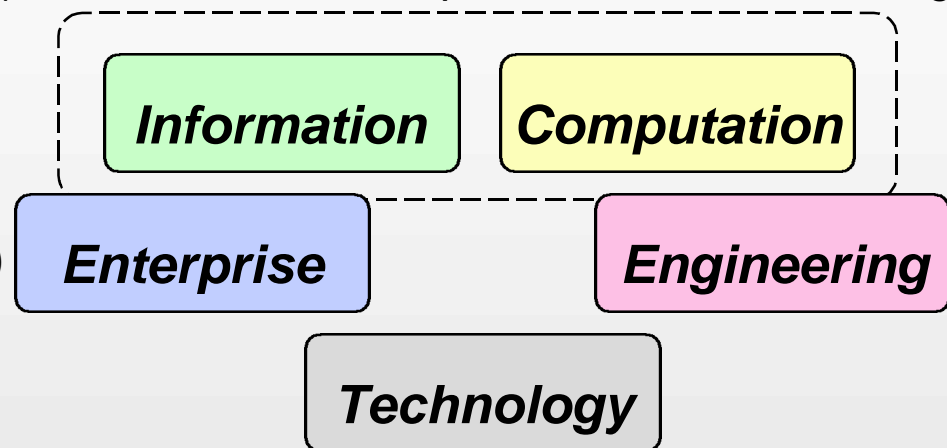
FAA:EAP
(Enterprise Architecture Planning)

Multi-Viewpoint Architecture Modelling

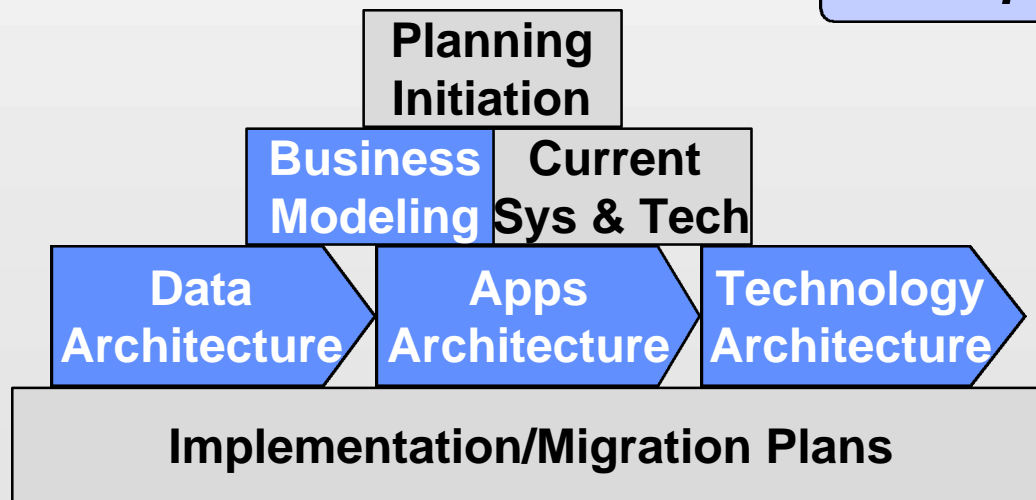


Multi-Viewpoint Architecture Modelling

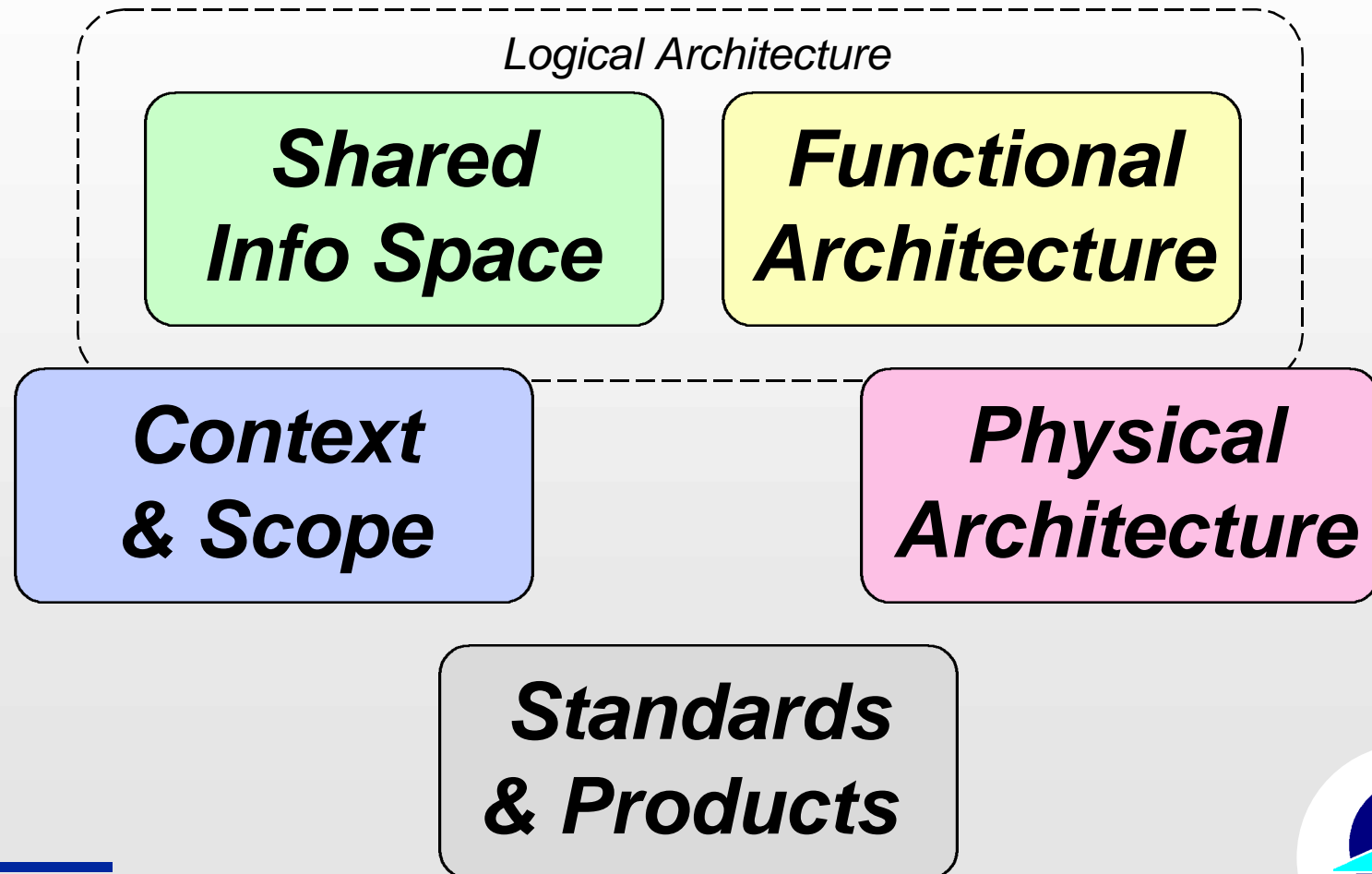
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(Reference Model for Open Distributed Processing)



FAA:EAP
(Enterprise Architecture Planning)



A Pragmatic Approach to RM-ODP



A Corba-Based Platform

ATM Application Components

OASIS Services

Corba Services

ORB (basic object protocol)

OASIS Platform @ Eurocontrol Experimental Center

Towards Plug-and-Play

